



SAFETY & SECURITY

2018

Reporting years 2015-2017

This report is available on Summit's website
<http://www.summitcollege.edu/required-disclosures>

Reporting as of October 2018

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INTRODUCTION

Notice of Availability: Annual Safety & Security Reports

The Annual Safety and Security reports for all campuses owned and operated by Summit College are available at the following web address: <http://www.summitcollege.edu/required-disclosures>.

Each campus also will provide a paper copy of its report upon request. Each enrollment agreement also contains a copy of the most recent report. The Daily Crime Log for the most recent 60-day period is open to inspection, free of charge, upon request, during normal business hours. For any period older than 60 days, you must request two business days prior to viewing.

This report thus provides students, prospective students, employees, and prospective employees with key information regarding the security of the campus and surrounding areas, and ultimately, creates a safer, more secure campus environment.

Crime Awareness

The safety and well-being of our students, faculty, and staff is important. Although the campus is a safe place, crimes do occur. The statistics are published in compliance with the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990 which requires that colleges collect, prepare and publish information related to crime and campus security and distribute it to all current and potential students and employees. This report is available to any applicant for enrollment or employment, upon request from the Receptionist, also as an Addendum to the student catalog or on our website at under Crime Statistics. <http://www.summitcollege.edu/required-disclosures>

On-Site Housing

Summit does not offer housing facilities and does not sponsor any recognized student organizations that own or control any off-campus property.

Non-Discrimination

Summit College does not discriminate on the basis of sex, gender, or sexual orientation in its education programs or activities. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, and certain other federal and state laws, prohibit discrimination on the basis of sex, gender, or sexual orientation in employment, as well as all education programs and activities operated by Summit College and protect all people regardless of their gender or gender identity from sexual discrimination, which includes sexual harassment and sexual violence.

Security, Access and Campus Facilities

Campus Law Enforcement and Campus Security Authority (CSA)

All incident reports are forwarded to Human Resources for review and referral to the Campus President and/or Campus Managers for appropriate action. The Campus President will investigate the report, If assistance is required from the respective Police Department or Fire Department, they will be contacted. If a sexual assault or rape should occur, staff will follow the appropriate action on scene and will provide the victim with a list of services through Student Services. Our Operators are available during the following hours to help you contact the appropriate person for reporting all incidents. If assistance is required from local agencies please call, than contact the appropriate Campus Security Authority from the list below.

– All Campuses

Kristin Rainville

Joe Vickary

- Colton

Dino Guadamuz

Operators available -- 8:00 to 6:00 Monday – Thursday and 8:00 – 5:00 Fridays

– Santa Ana

Enrique Alvarez

– El Cajon

Michael Nielsen

Campus Access

The Campus is open to students and employees during business and class hours as campus rules and regulations are adhered to. The building and parking areas are secured after the last class, the administrative offices are secured after their normal business hours. The campus is NOT open to the public. Visitors are subject to campus rules and regulations and must sign-in at the front desk when visiting Summit College campuses. Visitors must be accompanied at all times and need to be aware of the following:

Video Surveillance: Visitors need to be aware that video cameras are recording activities throughout the campus 24 hours a day and evidence of any illegal activities may be shared with the proper authorities.

Smoking and Tobacco Products: Summit is a non-smoking, non-tobacco product environment. Smoking, including the use of electronic cigarettes and the use of all tobacco products **are strictly prohibited** within the building(s).

Alcohol and Drugs: The use of alcohol and illegal drugs **are not permitted** at Summit. Anyone suspected using drugs or alcohol will be asked to leave Summit's campus.

Firearms: Firearms **are not permitted** on the Summit campuses

Pets: Pets are not allowed on campus. Only service animals are allowed on campus all other pets are strictly prohibited from being on campus.

All visitors must obey the following rules of conduct at all times:

- Follow all verbal instructions and signs;
- Food and drinks are not permitted in classroom/lab areas;
- Do not touch or attempt to operate any machine, device or equipment unless given permission to do so;
- Report all injuries or problems immediately to the Campus President or Manager/Human Resources;
- All visitors must be accompanied by their designated Summit escort at all times;
- **Photography are strictly prohibited unless approved in advance. If approved in advance, photos will be reviewed before being removed from the facility.**
- **Computer Usage:** Anyone bringing a personal computer onto the Summit campus must receive permission from the Director of Information Technology prior to connecting to Summit's network. The Director of Information Technology may require a virus scan to be performed.

Facilities

Maintenance staff work hard to maintain the facilities and grounds in a clean, safe condition but sometimes an unsafe condition occurs. These safety concerns are very important to Summit staff, as our maintenance staff is not readily available on an emergency basis the facilities maintenance is coordinated through the Campus President/Manager.

Clinical and Externship Policy

Summit College is not required to provide statistical reporting for crimes that occur at Clinical or Externship Sites. Students may request this information from the host site's safety management representative.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE & EVACUATION PROCEDURES

It is the policy of Summit College to provide procedures and escape route assignments so employees and students understand who is authorized to order an evacuation, under what conditions an evacuation would be necessary, how to evacuate, and what routes to take.

In the event of a fire, earthquake or other emergency situation, proceed to the most immediate exit in accordance with the posted evacuation plan. Avoid exits with any dangerous obstructions and evacuate quickly. Faculty should immediately and vocally alert others as soon as an emergency occurs, directing an immediate evacuation.

Instructors should account for all evacuated students along with fellow instructional personnel. Evacuated students and faculty are to meet outside the training facility on the Northeast corner of the parking lot nearest the street. Lead instructor will be responsible to call for appropriate assistant and account for all personnel and students. Each Instructor should maintain a current roster of each class session readily accessible to retrieve during an evacuation. Role call will be taken once all evacuees have reached the far corner lot meeting site.

Emergency Preparedness

Summit College recognizes its responsibility to furnish a place which is safe for all employees, students, and visitors; to provide safety devices and mechanical safeguards; to use methods and processes to protect the life, health, safety and welfare of employees, students, visitors, and the general public; and to maintain and enforce a written program to fulfill this responsibility.

Therefore, it shall be considered the responsibility of all employees and students to not only assure his/her own personal safety, but to develop a concern for the safety of all those around them.

At all times, while on Summit College's premises, all employees, students shall conduct themselves in a safe manner consistent with existing safety rules and policies.

- All fire and medical emergencies must be reported immediately. The fire and medical emergency number of "911" is to be called and the location of the fire or nature of the medical emergency provided. Also the Campus Directors office will be called immediately with the same information.
- The person who is reporting a fire or medical emergency must stay on the telephone line until released by the answering party.
- All employees must know the location of fire extinguishers. The locations are indicated on maps located in offices and hallways.
- All employees are required to notify the person responsible for purchasing should the stock of first aid supplies become low or depleted.
- Summit College is committed to providing and maintaining a safe and secure work environment. We are also ethically compelled to protect the confidentiality of our student's materials, or own proprietary materials, valuable equipment, and other items in the office. All incidents regarding security should be reported to administration including thefts, suspicious persons, obscene telephone calls, and bomb threats.

Violence Prevention

Summit College has adopted the following policies to deal with any violence that may occur on its premises:

- Employees should report all threats of violence, both direct and indirect, as soon as possible to Administration. Be as specific as possible. Employees should not put themselves in peril.
- Employees should report all suspicious individuals or activities to Administration, as soon as possible.
- Employees should cooperate fully with security, law enforcement, and medical personnel that respond to a call for help.
- Only Summit College representatives are to respond to inquiries from the media about violence on its premises so Summit College can speak with one voice.

Violent Intruders for Student/Employees

- If confronted by a violent intruder or student/employee, contact Administration or call “911” for assistance.
- Try to run from the intruder. If you are in the building alone at night, try to reach a telephone to call for help.
- If you are unable to contact anyone else for assistance, SCREAM as loud as you can. Your voice is one of your best weapons. If anyone else in the building hears the scream, that person should call “911”, contact Administration or an alternate for assistance.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Reporting

In an emergency, call 911 and immediately report the emergency to the Campus President/Manager.

Training & Prevention

During student orientation sessions and new employee orientation sessions, students, faculty, and staff are informed of services offered by Summit. Annually Summit collaborates with the local police and fire departments for safety drills and evacuation drills.

Annually the Human Resources department, along with the Campus President/Managers and Academic Dean present crime prevention and security awareness programs on a variety of topics specific to each campus. Crime Prevention information is available through crime prevention posters, security alert flyers and social media outlets.

Literature on Crime Prevention, example Sexual Assault, Stalking, Everyday Safety and others, is available in the Student Services department.

On-line Resources

The California Partnership to End Domestic Violence

<http://www.cpedv.org>

Department of Justice

<http://www.ovw.usdoj.gov/sexassault.htm>

Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights

<http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html>

Information Regarding Registered Sex Offenders

<http://www.meganslaw.ca.gov>

National Domestic Violence Hotline

<http://www.thehotline.org/help/help-for-survivors/>

Survivor Stories

<http://www.thehotline.org/about-us/share-your-story/>

Crime Prevention Tips

<http://www.aacc.edu/publicsafety/prevention.cfm>

<https://www.bja.gov/>

<https://www.bja.gov/>

Bullying

<http://www.ncpc.org/topics/bullying>

Cell Phone Safety

<http://www.ncpc.org/topics/cell-phone-safety-1>

Conflict Resolution

<http://www.ncpc.org/topics/conflict-resolution>

Cyberbullying

<http://www.ncpc.org/topics/cyberbullying>

Disaster Preparedness

<http://www.ncpc.org/topics/preparedness>

Drug Abuse

<http://www.ncpc.org/topics/drug-abuse>

Hate Crime

<http://www.ncpc.org/topics/hate-crime>

Training and Technical Assistance

Violent Crime and Personal Safety

<http://www.ncpc.org/topics/violent-crime-and-personal-safety>

Workplace Safety

<http://www.ncpc.org/topics/workplace-safety>

In Case of Fire

FIRE ALARM PULL STATIONS

There should be a fire alarm pull station on each floor of the building. In the event of a fire, activate the alarm.

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

Use fire extinguishers with care and only if you are confident that you know how. In an extreme emergency, you may believe it best to use a fire extinguisher even if you haven't been trained in its use. The majority of extinguishers work as follows, but there are exceptions. It is best to read the instructions on the extinguisher for variations to the following.

If the fire is small and heavy smoke is NOT present and you have an exit available to you for evacuation purposes, grab the nearest appropriate extinguisher and operate following the P-A-S-S procedure:

- **P**ull the pin. Some units require the releasing of a lock latch, pressing a puncture lever or other motion.
- **A**im the extinguisher nozzle (horn or hose) at the base of the fire.
- **S**queeze or press the handle.
- **S**weep from side to side at the base of the fire until it goes out. Shut off the extinguisher if necessary.

FIRE PROCEDURES AND EVACUATION

In case of fire, all personnel should stay calm and take the following steps;

- Notify the fire department by activating the fire alarm pull box.
- Evacuate the building as soon as the alarm sounds or when you are instructed to do so by Administration, your Supervisor using the designated or closest, safe emergency exit assisting the disabled, students, and visitors on your way out.
- Do not delay exiting by looking for belongings.
- Do not use elevators.
- In case of heavy smoke, crawl low under the smoke to breathe cleaner air.
- Test doors for heat before opening by placing the back of your hand against the door so you don't burn your palm and fingers. So not open hot doors – find another exit route.
- Keep "fire doors" closed to slow the spread of smoke and fire.
- Report to the designated meeting place and remain calm. Administration and Directors will verify that all personnel have evacuated and are accounted.
- Call "911" immediately and identify the location and type of fire.
- Do not re-enter the building until Administration authorizes you to do so.

If you find you are trapped during a fire or other emergency, all personnel should stay calm and take the following steps to protect yourself:

- Go to a room with an outside window.
- Telephone for help if possible.
- Stay where rescuers can see you and wave a light-colored cloth to attract attention.
- Open windows if possible, but be ready to shut them if smoke rushes in.
- Stuff clothing, towels, or newspapers around the cracks in doors to prevent smoke from entering the room.

Earthquake Response to a Major Quake

Individual response to earthquakes:

If Indoors

- Unless you are in immediate personal danger as a result of the earthquake, STAY INDOORS.
- Take cover under a desk, table or bench, in doorways, halls or against inside walls
- Stay away from windows, glass doors, mirrors, skylights, and high furniture which may topple.
- Do not panic or run for exits. Do not run outdoors. You may be hit by falling wall facings, roof parapets, collapsing walls or falling electrical wires.
- Do not smoke, use matches, or use any other open flame objects.
- After shock subsides, take essential personal items and get out of doors well clear of buildings, trees, and power lines. DO NOT USE ELEVATORS.
- Avoid touching any electrical wires which may have fallen

If outdoors

- Get away from high buildings, walls, power poles and objects that could fall. Avoid building overhangs.
- Do not run or walk along buildings.
- Be aware that the points of greatest danger are just outside doorways and close to outer or street side walls.
- If possible, move to ASSEMBLY AREA away from trees and buildings.
- Stay out of any damaged buildings until directed or enter or return by the Campus Director.

Bomb Threat

- If you are called about a bomb threat:
- Try to give the call to the Campus Director
- If the caller will not wait for the call to be forwarded
- Listen carefully interrupt only to ask:
- What is your name?
- When will the bomb explode?
- Where is it right now?
- What kind is it?
- What does it look like?
- Record this information carefully while also noting:
- Time of call
- Male or female
- Adult or child
- Accent, speech impediment or slur
- Any significant background noises

Immediately do the following - Notify the Campus President/Manager

EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION & EVACUATION

If the Campus President/Manager deems a situation on or off campus constitutes a serious or continuing threat to students and/or employees, a warning may be issued. An emergency or dangerous situation is defined as a threat to the health or safety of persons on the campus. On determination of needed actions all staff and students will be notified

Timely Warning Notices

In the event a situation arises, either on or off campus, that in the judgment of the Campus President/Manager that constitutes a serious or continuing threat to students or employees, a campus-Timely Warning will be issued. The Campus President/Manager is responsible for the issuance of a Timely Warnings. Timely Warnings will be issued by the followings means:

- Email or text messages to faculty, staff and students.
- Posting in classrooms, labs, break rooms, restrooms, entrances, and exits.
- If warranted a Posting on the company website at: www.summitcollege.edu
- A member of Summit's management team will visit each classroom to inform all students of the situation.
- The Campus President/Manager will inform all applicable local law enforcement agencies.

POLICY STATEMENTS

Reporting Crimes & Emergencies

Reporting of Emergency/Criminal Offense or Safety Issue

Students should immediately report any emergency to their instructor or any other staff member. In the event of an incident requiring emergency medical personnel, students are requested to observe the directions of staff members and keep the hallways and doorways clear to allow easy, unrestricted access for paramedics or other emergency personnel. Students are encouraged to report to any staff member any illegal or suspicious activities witnessed on campus grounds or in the parking areas. If a student experiences a criminal act while on campus at Summit College, the student should immediately report the matter directly to the Campus President/Manager *or Human Resources Office or call 911*. The College's Safety Committee meets regularly to report any safety hazards on campus. To report a safety hazard, please see the Student Service Administrator or report the hazard to any staff member. A staff member is available to escort students to their vehicles when leaving the campus after dark. To request an escort, please see the Receptionist or Student Services Administrator. The college conducts regular fire drills on an unannounced basis. Please review the emergency exit plans posted throughout the campus and become familiar with the emergency exits around you. All students are requested to complete a Medical Emergency Information form upon enrollment. If there are any changes to the information requested on the form, please see the Student Service Administrator and update the form. The medical information listed on this form is imperative to paramedics in the event of a medical emergency and may save your life. Please keep us informed of any changes in medical conditions, medications, allergies or related information.

Contact information

- Department of Justice Violence Against Women Office -- www.ojp.usdoj.gov/vawo/
- Department of Education World Wide Web site on Campus safety – www.ed.gov/offices/ope/ppi/security.html
- Department of Education Web Site for Financial Aid Professionals – <http://ifap.ed.gov/IFAPWebApp/index.jsp>
- Higher Education Center for Alcohol and other Prevention World Wide Web site – www.edc.org/hec/

Weapons on Campus

According to California Penal Code §626.9 and §626.10, as well as California Code of Regulations §100015, individuals are prohibited from possessing various weapons, including firearms, explosives, instruments that expel metal projectiles, such as a bb or pellet gun, specified knives and/or any item that may be construed as such, on the premises of Summit College or in any building under its control. Exceptions include law enforcement personnel, honorably retired peace officers or a member of the military forces of this state or the United States who is engaged in the performance of their duties. Summit's policy also prohibits individuals from possession, use, manufacturing, distributing, sales, etc. of any firearms, weapons or explosives. Anyone found in violation of Summit's policies shall be subject to disciplinary policies and procedures applicable to students, academic and staff personnel, and/or criminal prosecution by the appropriate jurisdiction.

Voluntary Confidential Reporting

The Campus President/Manager provides to all victims of crimes occurring on a Summit campus the opportunity to report the incident to the local police department. The Campus President/Manager will assist the student in notifying law enforcement authorities. It is the victim's choice whether or not to make such a report and victims have the right to decline involvement with the police. If a victim declines to report the matter to the local police department, the incident will be handled as an institutional matter and Summit reserves the right to treat the offense as a disciplinary matter. If the instance is deemed a threat to the health or safety or an emergency the local law enforcement will be notified.

Security Awareness and Crime Prevention Programs

The College will maintain a safe environment conducive to learning. Directors will regularly instruct student in appropriate safety precautions to prevent injury to either staff or students.

Student safety is the responsibility of every staff member. All staff members are required to report any unsafe act, condition or event on an Incident Report Form and provide a copy of the form to the Human Resources.

Any unsafe procedure that is witnessed being performed by a student should be immediately halted by the staff member and reported to the appropriate medical department Director for disposition.

Instructors are required to personally practice and teach students Universal Precautions in all clinical procedures and wear all applicable protective clothing, eyewear and gloves when performing or demonstrating clinical procedures.

Instructors are responsible for demonstrating the application and use of all equipment including appropriate safety measures, features and protective appliances to students prior to allowing a student to operate any Medical, Vocational Nursing or Dental laboratory equipment. Upon completion of the demonstration, the Instructor is required to personally monitor the student's use of the equipment until such time as it is apparent the student understands the safe and correct operation of the unit and can perform the functions of the unit without danger to him/herself or others.

The Department Director or instructional staff must verify the operation and inspect all safety features of any equipment or laboratory at the beginning and end of each course of instruction in which the equipment was used to insure functionality.

In addition, all safety devices such as emergency eyewash stations, fire extinguishers, emergency exits and associated devices will be inspected and tested as appropriate by the Campus Director on a regular basis to insure proper operation.

Drug and Alcohol Prevention/Awareness

Each year, the college is required to provide to all enrolled students its Drug Free Schools Act policy and information. The college provides this information to all enrolled students and employees at orientation.

Summit College is committed to maintaining a Drug and Alcohol free environment for its students and employees. Our culture, driven by a commitment to excellence in all areas, simply has no room for, and is incompatible with, substance abuse in any form. Accordingly, as a matter of policy, our campus prohibits the following:

- Reporting to campus under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs or substances, including illegally obtained prescription drugs.
- Reporting to campus under the influence of legal prescription or non-prescription drugs, if doing so could impair judgment or motor functions or place persons or property in jeopardy.
- The illegal use, sale, manufacture, possession, distribution, transfer, purchase, or storage of alcoholic beverages or drugs on campus premises, or in automobiles or any other vehicle parked on campus premises.

Any violation of these policies will result in appropriate disciplinary action up to and including expulsion, even for a first offense. Violations of the law also will be referred to the appropriate law enforcement authorities.

Separate from any legal requirements, our school is concerned with the health and well-being of members of our campus community. Students may contact the Student Services office, for Legal Sanctions, Prevention and Available Resources handouts, in confidence you may receive referrals or information regarding available and appropriate substance abuse counseling, treatment, or rehabilitation programs. The College periodically hosts informational seminars and guest speakers on drug and alcohol abuse. Finally, we ask for your help in keeping our campus free of substance abuse. Please notify management if you become aware of any alcohol or drug-related activity in violation of this Policy.

Various public and private organizations that provide professional counseling regarding drug addiction and rehabilitation are listed below:

ORANGE COUNTY

Addiction Treatment Center	714/530-9350
Recovery	714/543-8481
Child Abuse Hotline	714/289-2222
Victims Program Administration	714/843-8900
Sober Living Drug and Alcohol Treatment Center	800/647-0042

LOS ANGELES COUNTY

Alcoholics Anonymous	626/914-1861
Women's and Children's Crisis Hotline	562/945-3939
Suicide Hotline (24 hours)	800/255-6111
Treatment Centers Medical Detoxification	800/996-1051
National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependency	213/384-0403

RIVERSIDE COUNTY/SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

Recovery Center	626/914-1861
Gibson's home	562/945-3939
MFI Recovery Center	877/425-4038

SAN DIEGO COUNTY

American Addiction Center	855/286-6747
Hope by the Sea	877/788-8703
Recovery.org	855/400-4180

FERPA 34 CFR 99.36 Disclosure

- (a) An educational agency or institution may disclose personally identifiable information from an education record to appropriate parties, including parents of an eligible student, in connection with an emergency if knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals.
- (b) Nothing in this Act or this part shall prevent an educational agency or institution from -
- (1) Including in the education records of a student appropriate information concerning disciplinary action taken against the student for conduct that posed a significant risk to the safety or well-being of that student, other students, or other members of the school community;
 - (2) Disclosing appropriate information maintained under paragraph (b)(1) of this section to teachers and school officials within the agency or institution who the agency or institution has determined have legitimate educational interests in the behavior of the student; or
 - (3) Disclosing appropriate information maintained under paragraph (b)(1) of this section to teachers and school officials in other schools who have been determined to have legitimate educational interests in the behavior of the student.
- c) In making a determination under paragraph (a) of this section, an educational agency or institution may take into account the totality of the circumstances pertaining to a threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals. If the educational agency or institution determines that there is an articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals, it may disclose information from education records to any person whose knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. If, based on the information available at the time of the determination, there is a rational basis for the determination, the Department will not substitute its judgment for that of the educational agency or institution in evaluating the circumstances and making its determination.

Notice of Victim's Rights

The college conducts periodic seminars and guest lectures regarding sexual harassment and sex offenses including rape, acquaintance rape and other forcible and non-forcible sex offenses. If a student feels that he/she has been a victim of a sex-related offense or sexual harassment, the following steps should be taken:

1. The incident should immediately be reported to the Campus President/Manager.
2. Students should be aware that it is important to preserve any evidence of a sexual or other criminal offense to aid in providing proof of the offense.
3. A student has the option to notify local law enforcement agencies regarding the offense. If requested, an Executive Staff member will assist the student in doing so.
4. The college maintains information on local counseling and mental health agencies that can assist the student in coping with a sex related offense. To obtain this information, please see the Student Services or the Student Advisor. All inquiries regarding this information will be held in strictest confidence.
5. The college will make every effort to modify the student's academic situation after an alleged sexual offense if requested.
6. Disciplinary action will be taken in cases of an alleged sexual offense if requested in writing by the accuser. The request for disciplinary action should include the date of the alleged offense, the specific location, time, details and circumstances of the alleged offense, the name of the accused and be signed by the accuser. The request should be forwarded by certified mail, return receipt requested to:

Campus President (Colton), 851 S. Cooley Drive, Colton 92324

7. If a disciplinary proceeding is initiated, the accuser and the accused parties will be entitled to the same opportunities to have another party present during the proceeding and both the accused and the accuser will be informed of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding brought alleging a sex related offense. All proceedings arising out of an alleged sexual offense will be private, confidential and limited to the executive management of the college, the accused, the accuser and their other parties to the extent allowed by law.
8. The following sanctions may be imposed following a final determination of a disciplinary proceeding regarding rape, acquaintance rape, and other forcible or non-forcible sex offenses:
 - Warning (either verbal or written) documented in the accused student or employee file.
 - If the accused has been previously warned either verbally or in writing for a similar offense, the accused may be immediately terminated from enrollment or employment without the possibility of reinstatement.
 - Immediate termination from enrollment or employment without the possibility of reinstatement.

Obtaining Registered Sex Offender Information

In accordance with the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000, which amends the Jacob Wetterling Crimes Against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Registration Act, the Jeanne Clery Act and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, the school is providing a link to the State Sex Offender Registry. All sexual offenders are required to register and provide notice to each institution of higher education at which the person is employed, carries out a vocation, or is a student. California: <http://www.meganslaw.ca.gov/disclaimer.aspx>

The Jeanne Clery Act

Annual Disclosure Requirement

In compliance with federal law, the college publishes an annual Campus Safety and security report, which provides statistics on arrests for criminal offenses that have occurred on campus during the previous year. As of the date of this publication, no criminal arrests have been made on campus since the college began operation. Along with campus crimes, Summit College is responsible for gathering the applicable crime statistics from local agencies to comply with the requirements of the Jeanne Clery Disclosure.

Reporting Options

CRIMINAL: Reporting to local police is an option at any time following a Sexual Violence incident. If you choose not to report to the police immediately, you can still make the report at a later time. However, with the passage of time, the ability to gather evidence to assist with criminal prosecution may be limited. Depending on the circumstances, the police may be able to obtain a criminal restraining order on your behalf.

HEALTH/COUNSELING/CLERGY: You may choose to seek advice and assistance from physicians, psychotherapists, professional counselors, clergy, sexual assault and domestic violence counselors and advocates, including individuals who work or volunteer for them.

CIVIL LAWSUIT: You may choose to file a civil lawsuit against the perpetrator, whether or not criminal charges have been filed. A civil lawsuit provides you the opportunity to recover actual damages, which may include compensation for medical expenses, lost wages, pain, suffering and emotional distress.

You may also choose to obtain a protective or restraining order (such as a domestic violence restraining order or a civil harassment restraining order). Restraining orders must be obtained from a court in the jurisdiction where the incident occurred. Restraining orders can protect victims who have experienced or are reasonably in fear of Sexual Violence, including Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking. Your campus Title IX Coordinator can offer assistance with obtaining a protective or restraining order.

NON-REPORTING: You are strongly encouraged to report any incident of Sexual Violence to the police and/or campus Title IX Coordinator so that steps may be taken to protect you and the rest of the campus community. However, non-reporting is also an option.

Assistance for Victims

Who to Contact if you have Complaints:

If you have experienced Sexual Violence you are encouraged to seek immediate assistance from police and healthcare providers for your physical safety, emotional support and medical care.

- Alternatives to Domestic Violence (ADV), Crisis Line—Riverside city & out of the county (951) 683-0829, remainder of Riverside county (800) 339-SAFE (7233); domestic violence help; protective order assistance; counseling; outreach; shelter; <http://www.alternativestodv.org/aboutus.html> Riverside Area Rape Crisis Center (RARCC), 24-Hour Hotline (951) 686-RAPE (7273) & (866) 686-RAPE (7273) (toll-free); 1845 Chicago Avenue, Suite A, Riverside, CA 92507; <https://rarcc.org>
- Rape Abuse & Incest National Network (RAINN), (800) 656-HOPE (4673); www.rainn.org
- House of Ruth 24-Hour Crisis Hotline, (877) 988-5559; individual/group counseling; phone support; legal advocate; shelter for women and children; domestic violence counseling; food; English/Spanish; <http://houseofruthinc.org>
- Option House 24-Hour Hotline, (909) 381-3471; temporary domestic violence women’s shelters; support/outreach; free support groups, crisis education and self-defense; assistance with protective order paperwork; English/ Spanish; <http://www.optionhouse.org>
Doves Outreach of Big Bear Valley, (909) 866-1546; 24-Hour Hotline (800) 851-7601; provides women and families domestic violence shelter; individual counseling; support groups (parenting, anger management, women’s writing, etc.); legal assistance; protective order help; programs and services for male victims; <http://www.doves4help.org>
- A Better Way Domestic Violence Shelter and Outreach, Victor Valley, 24-Hour Hotline (760) 955-8723; Toll-Free (888) 949-5770 & (866) 228-2059; 26-bed shelter (90-day maximum stay), TRO (temporary restraining order); outreach programs, opportunity and education support groups; Spanish; <http://www.abetterwaydomesticviolence.org>
- Shelter from the Storm, Inc., Coachella Valley, 24-Hour Crisis Lines (800) 775- 6055, (760) 328-SAFE (7233); emergency shelter; transitional housing; counseling center; legal clinic; teen dating; <http://www.shelterfromthestorm.com/Overview.htm>
- California Coalition Against Sexual Assault, (916) 446-2520; 1215 K. Street, Suite 1850, Sacramento, CA 95814; <http://www.calcasa.org>

Sexual Violence and Confidentiality – Know Your Options:

We encourage victims of Sexual Violence, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking (collectively Sexual Violence) to talk to someone about what happened so you can get the support you need, and so Summit can respond appropriately. Whether – and the extent to which – a Summit employee may agree to maintain confidentiality depending on the employee’s position and responsibilities at Summit. This information is intended to make you aware of the various reporting and confidential disclosure options available to you – so you can make informed choices about where to turn for help. Summit encourages victims to talk to someone identified in one or more of these groups. As explained below, some employees are required by law to maintain near complete confidentiality; talking to them is sometimes called a “privileged communication.” Other employees may talk to a victim in confidence, and generally only report to Summit that an incident occurred without revealing any personally identifying information. A report Summit creates is a legal obligation for Summit to investigate the incident and take appropriate steps to address the situation.

Privileged and Confidential Communications

Physicians, Psychotherapists, Professional Counselors and Clergy¹⁰ – Physicians, psychotherapists, professional, licensed counselors, and clergy who work or volunteer on or off campus, and who provide medical or mental health treatment or counseling (including those who act in that role under their supervision) may not report any information about an incident

of Sexual Violence to anyone else at Summit without your consent. You can seek assistance and support from physicians, psychotherapists, professional, licensed counselors, and clergy without triggering a Summit investigation that could reveal your identity or the fact of your disclosure. However, see limited exceptions below regarding when health care practitioners must report to local law enforcement agencies. Health care practitioners should explain these limited exceptions to you, if applicable.

EXCEPTIONS: Under California law, any health practitioner employed in a health facility, clinic, physician's office, or local or state public health department or clinic is required to make a report to local law enforcement if he or she provides medical services for a physical condition to a patient/victim who he or she knows or reasonably suspects is suffering from (1) a wound or physical injury inflicted by a firearm; or (2) any wound or other physical injury inflicted upon a victim where the injury is the result of assaultive or abusive conduct (including Sexual Violence, Domestic Violence, and Dating Violence). This exception does not apply to sexual assault and domestic violence counselors and advocates. Health care practitioners should explain this limited exception to you, if applicable.

Additionally, under California law, all professionals described above (physicians, psychotherapists, professional counselors, clergy, and sexual assault and domestic violence counselors and advocates) are mandatory child abuse and neglect reporters, and are required to report incidents involving victims under 18 years of age to local law enforcement.¹³ These professionals will explain this limited exception to you, if applicable.

Finally, some or all of these professionals may also have reporting obligations under California law to (1) local law enforcement in cases involving threats of immediate or imminent harm to self or others where disclosure of the information is necessary to prevent the threatened danger or (2) the court if compelled by court order or subpoena in a criminal proceeding related to the Sexual Violence incident, If applicable, these professionals will explain this limited exception to you.

Reporting to Local Police

If you report to local or University Police about Sexual Violence, the police are required to notify you that your name will become a matter of public record unless confidentiality is requested. If you request that your identity be kept confidential, your name will not become a matter of public record and the police will not report your identity to anyone else at Summit. Summit is required by the federal Clery Act to report certain types of crimes (including certain sex offenses) in statistical reports. However, while the University will report the type of incident in the annual crime statistics report known as the Annual Security Report, your name/identity will not be revealed.

Complaint Process

We urge you to contact the Title IX Coordinator, with questions, concerns or to report sexual or gender harassment or sexual misconduct. The Title IX Coordinator will discuss your situation with you and explain the campus process, including what complaint procedures are available to you.

Summit College Title IX Coordinator *Kristin Rainville, Coordinator for Title IX & Gender Equity*

Role: Receiving complaints against faculty, staff, administrators, students and Third Parties; monitoring and oversight of overall implementation of Title IX compliance, including coordination of training, education and communications.

Email: Kristin.rainville@summitcollege.edu or contact (909) 498-5306.

To file a complaint, complete the Summit College Violent Crime or Discrimination Complaint Form FOP #1056a

Consequences

Committing Acts of Sex Discrimination, Sexual Harassment, and Sexual Violence: 105.1 Title IX:

Individuals alleged to have committed Sexual Violence may face criminal prosecution by law enforcement and may incur penalties because of civil litigation. In addition, employees and students may face discipline/sanctions at Summit.

Employees may face sanctions up to and including dismissal from employment, per established Summit policies and

provisions of applicable collective bargaining agreements. Students and employees charged with Sex Discrimination, Sexual Harassment or Sexual Violence will also be subject to discipline, pursuant to Summit's policies, and will be subject to appropriate sanctions. In addition, during any investigation, Summit may implement interim measures in order to maintain a safe and non-discriminatory educational and working environment. Such measures may include immediate interim suspension of the accused from Summit, an adjustment to work or course schedule, or prohibition from contact with parties involved in the alleged incident.

SEXUAL ASSAULT, DOMESTIC & DATING VIOLENCE & STALKING

Summit College reaffirms its commitment to equality of opportunity and pledges that it will not practice or permit discrimination on the basis of race, color, gender, national origin, age, religion, creed, disability, veteran's status, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression.

Whenever possible, victims should report an incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or rape as soon as possible. It is important to preserve evidence as it may be necessary to prove that domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking occurred.

All victims of crimes that occur on the campus or persons observing crimes, suspicious activities or incidents may report these on a voluntary and confidential basis in an accurate and prompt manner to the Campus President or designee and/or local law enforcement.

If requested, campus officials can facilitate reporting a crime to campus or local law enforcement, but they will respect the victim's request not to do so, assuming the health and safety.

The investigation and records of the resolution conducted by the campus are maintained confidentially. Information is shared internally between administrators on a need-to-know basis. Where information must be shared to permit the investigation to move forward, the person bringing the accusation will be informed. Privacy of the records specific to the investigation is maintained in accordance with state law and the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) statute. Any public release of information needed to comply with the open crime logs or timely warning provisions of The Clery Act will not include names of the victim or information that could easily lead to a victim's identification. Additionally, the school maintains privacy in relation to any accommodations and/or protective measures. Irrespective of state law or public records access provisions, information about victims is maintained privately in accordance with Title IX and FERPA. Once complete, the parties will be informed, in writing, of the outcome, including the findings, the sanctions (if any), and the rationale. Sanctions for sexual harassment, assault or misconduct may involve penalties up to and including expulsion for students and termination of employment for associates regardless if the victim reports the crime to local law enforcement.

Summit College is committed to provide the campus community with education, awareness, reporting options and meaningful assistance in matters of alcohol and drug abuse and sexual violence. Our goal is to maintain campus safety by defining how we administer Title IX and identifying the Title IX Coordinator.

Summit College is committed to providing a learning and working environment that promotes personal integrity, civility, and mutual respect in an environment free of discrimination on the basis of sex. The College considers sex discrimination in all its forms to be a serious offense. Sex discrimination constitutes a violation of this policy, is unacceptable, and will not be tolerated.

STATISTICS

GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION DEFINITIONS

ON-CAMPUS (Student Housing Facilities) – *For purposes of the Clery Act any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution, or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution, and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus is considered an on-campus student housing facility.*

PUBLIC PROPERTY –*All public property (property owned by a public entity, such as a city or state government), including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that are within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. (Sidewalk, street, sidewalk: your public property does not include anything beyond the second sidewalk. (if there isn't a second sidewalk, it doesn't include anything beyond the street.)*

NON-CAMPUS – *Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.*

**For crime definitions see the DEFINITION section of the handbook.

Summit disclose statistics for reported *Clery Act* crimes that occur (1) on campus, (2) on public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus, and (3) in or on noncampus buildings or property that your institution owns or controls. The definitions for these geographic categories are *Clery Act*-specific and are the same for every campus regardless of its physical size or configuration.

COLTON

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CRIME STATISTICS – COLTON

Table 1 - Criminal Offenses Reporting Table

CRIMINAL OFFENSE	Property	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
		ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
MURDER / NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2015	0	0	
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
NEGLIGENCE MANSLAUGHTER	2015	0	0	
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
RAPE (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/Prior to 2015 combined under Sex Offenses-Forcible)	2015	0	0	
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
FONDLING (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/Prior to 2015 combined under Sex Offenses-Forcible)	2015	0	0	
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
INCEST (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/prior to 2015 statistics were combined under Sex Offenses - Nonforcible)	2015	0	0	
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
STATUTORY RAPE (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/prior to 2015 statistics were combined under Sex Offenses - Nonforcible)	2015	0	0	
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
ROBBERY	2015	0	0	
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2015	0	0	
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	2	
BURGLARY	2015	12	0	
	2016	8	0	
	2017	1	0	
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2015	2	0	
	2016	9	0	
	2017	0	0	
ARSON	2015	0	0	
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	

CRIME STATISTICS – COLTON

Table 2 – Descriptive Hate Crimes

HATE CRIMES – ON-CAMPUS Category of Bias	year	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientati	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION
										National Origin
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FONDLING (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INCEST (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIMPLE ASSAULT	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LARCENY-THEFT	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INTIMIDATION	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DESTRUCTION/DAMAGE/VANDALISM OF PROPERTY	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CRIME STATISTICS – COLTON

Table 3 – Descriptive Hate Crimes

HATE CRIMES – Public Property Category of Bias	year	Total	Race	Religion	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION					
					Sexual Orientati	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FONDLING (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INCEST (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIMPLE ASSAULT	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LARCENY-THEFT	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INTIMIDATION	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DESTRUCTION/DAMAGE/VANDALISM OF PROPERTY	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CRIME STATISTICS – COLTON

Table 4 - VAWA Offenses Reporting Table

CRIMINAL OFFENSE		Year	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
			ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2015	0	0		
	2016	0	0		
	2017	0	0		
DATING VIOLENCE	2015	0	0		
	2016	0	0		
	2017	0	0		
STALKING	2015	0	0		
	2016	0	0		
	2017	0	0		

Table 5 - Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals

ARRESTS		Year	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
			ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
LAW VIOLATION	WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2015	2	0	
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	1	
	DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2015	3	0	
		2016	4	0	
		2017	0	1	
	LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2015	0	0	
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	1	
DISCIPLINARY					
DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS	WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2015	0	0	
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
	DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2015	0	0	
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
	LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2015	0	0	
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	

Table 6 - Descriptive Unfounded crimes

Statistics for Unfounded Crimes were not collected prior to the 2015 data collection.

UNFOUNDED CRIMES		Year	ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
Total Unfounded Crimes	2015	0	0		
	2016	0	0		
	2017	0	0		

CRIME STATISTICS – SANTA ANA

Summit disclose statistics for reported *Clery Act* crimes that occur (1) on campus, (2) on public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus, and (3) in or on noncampus buildings or property that your institution owns or controls. The definitions for these geographic categories are *Clery Act*-specific and are the same for every campus regardless of its physical size or configuration.

Table 7 - Criminal Offenses Reporting Table

CRIMINAL OFFENSE	Property	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
		ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
MURDER / NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
RAPE (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/Prior to 2015 combined under Sex Offenses-Forcible)	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
FONDLING (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/Prior to 2015 combined under Sex Offenses-Forcible)	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
INCEST (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/prior to 2015 statistics were combined under Sex Offenses - Nonforcible)	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
STATUTORY RAPE (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/prior to 2015 statistics were combined under Sex Offenses - Nonforcible)	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
ROBBERY	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
BURGLARY	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2015			
	2016	1	2	
	2017	0	3	
ARSON	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	

CRIME STATISTICS – SANTA ANA

Table 8 – Descriptive Hate Crimes

HATE CRIMES – ON-CAMPUS Category of Bias	Year	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION								
		Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientati	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FONDLING (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INCEST (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIMPLE ASSAULT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LARCENY-THEFT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INTIMIDATION	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DESTRUCTION/DAMAGE/VANDALISM OF PROPERTY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CRIME STATISTICS – SANTA ANA

Table 9 – Descriptive Hate Crimes

HATE CRIMES – Public Property Category of Bias	Year	Total	Race	Religion	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION					
					Sexual Orientati	Gender	Gender Identify	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FONDLING (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INCEST (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIMPLE ASSAULT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LARCENY-THEFT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INTIMIDATION	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DESTRUCTION/DAMAGE/VANDALISM OF PROPERTY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CRIME STATISTICS – SANTA ANA

Table 10 - VAWA Offenses Reporting Table

CRIMINAL OFFENSE		Year	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
			ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2015				
	2016	0	0		
	2017	0	0		
DATING VIOLENCE	2015				
	2016	0	0		
	2017	0	0		
STALKING	2015				
	2016	0	0		
	2017	0	0		

Table 11 - Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals

ARRESTS		Year	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
			ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
LAW VIOLATION	WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
	DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2015			
		2016	0	2	
		2017	0	0	
	LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
DISCIPLINARY					
DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS	WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
	DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
	LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	

Table 12 - Descriptive Unfounded crimes

Statistics for Unfounded Crimes were not collected prior to the 2015 data collection. There were Zero unfounded crimes in 2015.

UNFOUNDED CRIMES		Year	ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
Total Unfounded Crimes	2015				
	2016	0	0		
	2017	0	0		

CRIME STATISTICS – EL CAJON

No Data for 2015 as campus opened in 2016

Summit disclose statistics for reported *Clery Act* crimes that occur (1) on campus, (2) on public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus, and (3) in or on noncampus buildings or property that your institution owns or controls. The definitions for these geographic categories are *Clery Act*-specific and are the same for every campus regardless of its physical size or configuration.

Table 13 - Criminal Offenses Reporting Table

CRIMINAL OFFENSE	Year	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
		ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
MURDER / NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
NEGLIGENCE MANSLAUGHTER	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
RAPE (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/Prior to 2015 combined under Sex Offenses-Forcible)	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
FONDLING (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/Prior to 2015 combined under Sex Offenses-Forcible)	2015			
	2016	0	0	
INCEST (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/prior to 2015 statistics were combined under Sex Offenses - Nonforcible)	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
STATUTORY RAPE (Statistics Prior to 2015 were not collected/prior to 2015 statistics were combined under Sex Offenses - Nonforcible)	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
ROBBERY	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
BURGLARY	2015			
	2016	1	0	
	2017	0	0	
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
ARSON	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	

CRIME STATISTICS – EL CAJON

No Data for 2015 as campus opened in 2016

Table 14 – Descriptive Hate Crimes

HATE CRIMES – ON-CAMPUS Category of Bias	Year	Total	Race	Religion	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION					
					Sexual Orientati	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FONDLING (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INCEST (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIMPLE ASSAULT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LARCENY-THEFT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INTIMIDATION	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DESTRUCTION/DAMAGE/VANDALISM OF PROPERTY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CRIME STATISTICS – EL CAJON

No Data for 2015 as campus opened in 2016

Table 15 – Descriptive Hate Crimes

HATE CRIMES – Public Property Category of Bias	Year	Total	Race	Religion	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION					
					Sexual Orientati	Gender	Gender Identify	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FONDLING (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INCEST (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE (Individual Statistics were not collected prior to 2015) (Prior to 2015 collection of statistics were combined under Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible)	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIMPLE ASSAULT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LARCENY-THEFT	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INTIMIDATION	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DESTRUCTION/DAMAGE/VANDALISM OF PROPERTY	2015									
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CRIME STATISTICS – EL CAJON

No Data for 2015 as campus opened in 2016

Table 16 - VAWA Offenses Reporting Table

CRIMINAL OFFENSE	Year	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
		ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
DATING VIOLENCE	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	
STALKING	2015			
	2016	0	0	
	2017	0	0	

Table 17 - Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals

ARRESTS		Year	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
			ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
LAW VIOLATION	WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
	DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
	LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
DISCIPLINARY					
DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS	WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
	DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	
	LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2015			
		2016	0	0	
		2017	0	0	

Table 18 - Descriptive Unfounded crimes

Statistics for Unfounded Crimes were not collected prior to the 2015 data collection.

UNFOUNDED CRIMES		Year	ON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	NON-CAMPUS
Total Unfounded Crimes	2015				
	2016	0	0		
	2017	0	0		

DEFINITIONS

- **Criminal Homicide.** These offenses are separated into two categories: Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter, and Manslaughter by Negligence.
 - **Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter** is defined as *the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another*
 - **Justifiable homicide** (which is defined as and limited to *the killing of a felon by a peace officer in the line of duty, or the killing of a felon during the commission of a felony, by a private citizen*).
 - **Manslaughter by Negligence** is defined as *the killing of another person through gross negligence*.

- **Sexual Assault (Sex Offenses).** Any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.
 - **Rape** is *the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females.*
 - **Fondling** is *the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.*
 - **Incest** is *sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.*
 - **Statutory Rape** is *sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.*

- **Robbery** is *the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.*

- **Aggravated Assault** is *an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.*

- **Burglary** is *the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.*

- **Motor Vehicle Theft** is *the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.*

- **Arson** is *any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc*

- **Hate Crime** is *a criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim.*
 - **Race.** *A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics, e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc., genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind, e.g., Asians, blacks or African Americans, whites.*

- **Religion.** *A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being, e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists.*
- **Sexual Orientation.** *A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation*
- **Gender.** *A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender, e.g., male or female.*
- **Gender Identity.** *A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g., bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals.*
- **Ethnicity.** *A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry*
- **National Origin.** *A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people based on their actual or perceived country of birth.*
- **Disability.** *A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.*
- **Larceny-Theft** *is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.*
- **Intimidation** *is to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.*
- **Simple Assault** *is an unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.*

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property *is to willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.*

Dating Violence *is defined as violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.*

Domestic Violence *is defined as a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed—*

- *By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;*
- *By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;*
- *By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;*
- *By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred;*

- *By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.*

Stalking is defined as *engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to—*

- *Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or*
- *Suffer substantial emotional distress.*
- For the purposes of this definition—
 - **Course of conduct** means *two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or*
 - **Reasonable person** means *a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.*
 - **Substantial emotional distress** means *significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.*
- **Arrest** for Clery Act purposes is defined as *persons processed by arrest, citation or summons.*
- **Referred for disciplinary action** is defined as *the referral of any person to any official who initiates a disciplinary action of which a record is established and which may result in the imposition of a sanction.*
- **Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, Etc.,** is defined as *the violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature.*
- **Drug Abuse Violations** are defined as *the violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs.*
- **Liquor Law Violations** are defined as *the violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.*
- **JEANNE CLERY ACT:**
The Jeanne Clery Act, a consumer protection law passed in 1990, requires all colleges and Universities who receive federal funding to share information about crime on campus and their efforts to improve campus safety as well as inform the public of crime in or around campus. This information is made publicly accessible through the university's annual security report.
- **SAVE act:**
SAVE requires that incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking be disclosed in annual campus crime statistic reports. SAVE clarifies minimum standards for institutional disciplinary procedures covering domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Save instructs colleges and universities to provide

programming for students and employees addressing the issues of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.

- **Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)**

The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) amendments to the Clergy Act expand the rights afforded to campus survivors of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. VAWA seeks to define clear policy and procedures to protect victims and afford accommodations in the event of violence in the workplace or on campus

- **Sex Discrimination** means an adverse action taken against an individual because of gender or sex (including sexual harassment, sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking) as prohibited by Title IX; Title IV; VAWA/ Campus Save Act; California Education Code § 66250 et seq.; and/or California Government Code §11135. *See also* Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (Cal. Govt. Code § 12940 *et seq.*), and other applicable laws. Both men and women can be victims of Sex Discrimination.
- **Sexual Harassment** - a form of Sex Discrimination, is unwelcome verbal, nonverbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature that includes, but is not limited to sexual violence, sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and indecent exposure.
- **Sexual Violence** is a form of Sexual Harassment and means physical sexual acts, such as unwelcome sexual touching, sexual assault, sexual battery, rape, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking (when based on gender or sex), perpetrated against an individual against his or her will and without consent or against an individual who is incapable of giving consent due to that individual's use of drugs or alcohol, status as a minor, or disability.² Sexual Violence may include physical force, violence, threat, or intimidation, ignoring the objections of the other person, causing the other person's intoxication or incapacitation through the use of drugs or alcohol, or taking advantage of the other person's incapacitation (Including voluntary intoxication). Men as well as women can be victims of these forms of Sexual Violence. Unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor (statutory rape) occurs even if the intercourse is consensual when the victim is under 18 years old, because the victim is considered incapable of giving legal consent due to age.
- **Sexual Battery** is a form of Sexual Violence and is any willful and unlawful use of force or violence upon the person of another because of that person's gender or sex.⁴
- **Acquaintance Rape** is a form of Sexual Violence committed by an individual known to the victim. This includes a person the victim may have just met; i.e., at a party, introduced through a friend, or on a social networking website. (See above for definition of Rape.)
- **Consent** means an informed, affirmative, conscious decision by each participant to engage in mutually agreed-upon sexual activity.
 - Consent must be **voluntary**, and given without coercion, force, threats, or intimidation. Consent requires positive cooperation in a particular sexual act, or expression of intent to engage in that sexual act through the exercise of free will.
 - Consent can be **withdrawn or revoked**. Consent to one form of sexual activity (or one sexual act) does not constitute consent to other forms of sexual activity (or other sexual acts). Consent to sexual activity given on one occasion does not constitute consent to sexual activity on another occasion. The fact that two people are or were in a dating or sexual relationship does not constitute consent to engage in sexual activity. There must **always** be mutual and affirmative consent to engage in sexual activity. Consent to a sexual act may be withdrawn or revoked at any time, including after penetration. The victim's request for the perpetrator to use a condom or birth control does not, in and of itself, constitute consent. Once consent is withdrawn or revoked, the sexual activity must stop immediately.

- Consent cannot be given by a person who is ***incapacitated***. For example, a person cannot give consent if s/he is unconscious or coming in and out of consciousness. A person is *incapacitated* if s/he lacks the physical and/or mental ability to make informed, rational judgments. Examples of incapacitation include unconsciousness, sleep and blackouts. Whether an *intoxicated* person (as a result of using alcohol or other drugs) is *incapacitated* depends on the extent to which the alcohol or other drugs impact the person's decision making capacity, awareness of consequences, and ability to make fully informed judgments. A person with a medical or mental disability may also lack the capacity to give consent.
- Being intoxicated by drugs or alcohol does not diminish a person's responsibility to obtain consent from the other party before engaging in sexual activity. Factors to be considered include whether the person knew, or whether a reasonable person in the accused's position should have known, that the victim did not give, or revoked, consent; was incapacitated; or was otherwise incapable of giving consent.
- Sexual intercourse with a minor is never consensual when the victim is under 18 years old, because the victim is considered incapable of giving legal consent due to age.

CRIME AWARENESS/STATISTICS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The safety and wellbeing of our students, faculty, and staff is important. Although the campus is a safe place, crimes do occur. The statistics are published in compliance with the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990 which requires that colleges collect, prepare and publish information related to crime and campus security and distribute it to all current and potential students and employees, and to any applicant for enrollment or employment, upon request.

Summits disclosure of statistics reported crimes is based on:

- Where the crimes occurred,
- To whom the crimes were reported,
- The types of crimes that were reported and
- The year in which the crimes were reported

_____ I understand that Summit discloses statistics for reported *Clery Act* crimes that occur (1) on campus, (2) on public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus, and (3) in or on non-campus buildings or property that your institution owns or controls. The definitions for these geographic categories are *Clery Act*-specific and are the same for every campus regardless of its physical size or configuration.

_____ I understand that I may request to see the Daily Crime for the last 60 days at any time. Available in the Human Resources Department.

_____ I acknowledge that I have been given a copy the option of reviewing the “Campus Safety and Security Reporting” on Summit’s web page, <http://summitcollege.edu/required-disclosures> or a hard copy of the most recent Safety & Security Report.

Print Students Name

Date

Signature